### भाग - I/PART - I

बाल विकास व शिक्षाशास्त्र/CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND PEDAGOGY

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<td>3. एक विषय पर सर्वाधिक एवं आधुनिकीकृत सूचना किस स्रोत से प्राप्त होती है ?</td>
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### Directions : Answer the following questions by selecting the most appropriate option :

1. Present day education cuts off the man from life because |
   (1) it is not an integral part of life |
   (2) it is unable to provide bread and butter to man |
   (3) it is unable to provide job to man |
   (4) it is unable to fulfill the basic needs of a man |

2. According to modern concept of teaching, teacher should play mainly the role of a |
   (1) Philosopher |
   (2) Friend |
   (3) Working partner |
   (4) Instructor |

3. Which source will provide maximum and up-to-date information about a subject ? |
   (1) Encyclopaedias |
   (2) Internet |
   (3) Latest academic journals |
   (4) International conferences
4. आपकी कक्षा के कुछ छात्रों का ध्यान पड़ने से हट गया है। आप उनका ध्यान पुनः केन्द्रित करने के लिए कैसे साधन करेंगे?
   (1) छोटी-सी शारीरिक क्रिया करवाना
   (2) ठोसी देर के लिए कक्षा को निलंबित करना
   (3) बच्चों को ध्यान लगाने के लिए कहना
   (4) कक्षा की खेल के लिए भेजना
5. जब अध्यापक प्रथम बार कक्षा-कक्ष में प्रवेश करे तो उसे बात करनी चाहिए
   (1) विद्यालय भवन के बारे में
   (2) विद्यालय के प्राथमिक बारे में
   (3) पाठ्यपुस्तक के बारे में
   (4) अपने एवं छात्रों के बारे में
6. महात्मा गांधी द्वारा चलाई गई शिक्षा की प्रणाली जानी जाती है
   (1) बुनियादी शिक्षा प्रणाली
   (2) व्यावसायिक शिक्षा प्रणाली
   (3) बाल केन्द्रित शिक्षा प्रणाली
   (4) हस्तकला शिक्षा प्रणाली

4. Some students of your class have become inattentive; which strategy would you use to regain their attention?
   (1) A brief physical activity
   (2) Suspending the class for sometime
   (3) Asking children to be attentive
   (4) Sending the class out for games
5. When a teacher enters in the class room for the first time he should talk about
   (1) school building
   (2) school headmaster
   (3) textbook
   (4) himself and students
6. The education system developed by Mahatma Gandhi is known as
   (1) Basic education system
   (2) Vocational education system
   (3) Child centred education system
   (4) Handicraft education system
7. अध्यापक का कौन-सा कार्य उपयुक्त अधिगम वातावरण बनाने में मदद नहीं करता?

(1) बच्चों को सुरक्षा का भाव देना
(2) बच्चों को स्वतंत्रता का भाव देना
(3) बच्चों को अन्य बच्चों की आलोचना करने देना
(4) बच्चों को निर्भय बनाना

8. निम्न में से कौन-सा छात्र के पलायन का कारण नहीं होता?

(1) असंविधान विद्यालयी कार्यक्रम
(2) अध्यापक का पशपातूत्व व्यवहार
(3) बहुत अधिक पुढ़ कार्य
(4) बहुत अधिक छुट्टियाँ

9. जब अध्यापक एक छात्र को सफलता का अहसास कराता है तो वह उपयोग कर रहा होता है?

(1) तत्त्वार्थ के नियम का
(2) अध्यापक के नियम का
(3) प्रभाव के नियम का
(4) मानसिक तत्त्वार्थ के नियम का

10. प्रकृतिवाद के अनुसार विश्व का केन्द्र होना चाहिए?

(1) अध्यापक
(2) बालक
(3) पाठ्यक्रम
(4) उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं

7. Which of the following acts of the teacher does *not* help in creating proper learning environment?

(1) Providing the children with feeling of security
(2) Giving the children sense of freedom
(3) Allowing children to criticize other children
(4) Making children fearless

8. Which of the following is *not* the cause of truancy of students?

(1) Uninteresting school programme
(2) Teacher’s partial behaviour
(3) Too much home work
(4) Too many holidays

9. When a teacher gives the learner the sense of success, he is using

(1) the law of readiness
(2) the law of practice
(3) the law of effect
(4) the law of mental set

10. According to Naturalism, the centre of education should be

(1) Teacher
(2) Child
(3) Curriculum
(4) None of the above
11. A student of your class is in the habit of telling a lie. How would you deal with him?
   (1) tell him not to tell a lie
   (2) punish him
   (3) just ignore him
   (4) will take him into confidence and counsel

12. The best provision for the education of the talented children is
   (1) Ability grouping
   (2) Giving double promotion
   (3) Enriching programme
   (4) Providing special schools

13. As per National Policy on Education, 1986 percentage of national production must be invested on education
   (1) 6%     (2) 10%
   (3) 4%     (4) 3%

14. School administration assigned you some extra classes which are meant for weak students. What will be your reaction as a teacher?
   (1) Protest and not take classes
   (2) Request reconsideration of decision
   (3) Tell student to prepare on their own
   (4) Accept it as your responsibility
15. Study the following statements about lecturing as a method of teaching:

A. It is an efficient method of giving information.
B. It is an efficient way of making students think critically.

Which of these statements is/are correct?

(1) A only  
(2) B only  
(3) Both A & B  
(4) Neither A nor B

16. Before starting to teach a teacher must

(1) make the students stand
(2) make the students mentally ready
(3) clean the black board
(4) ask the students to keep silence

17. While teaching if you realize that what you have taught is not correct, you would

(1) leave the topic unfinished and shift to another
(2) tell the students that it was a mistake and correct it
(3) divert the attention of the students
(4) scold students
18. Salim is very good in Music but is not able to do well in Mathematics. As a teacher of Mathematics, how will you handle Salim?

(1) Tell him that Music does not have a future
(2) Tell him to leave Music and study Maths
(3) Call his parents and talk to them
(4) Tell him that he can do well in Mathematics and explain the Mathematical concepts to him

19. A talented child can **not** be identified through observation because

(1) observation is not an objective technique
(2) observation is a subjective technique
(3) observation is used by those who are expert
(4) All of the above

20. While delivering a long lecture what a teacher should do?

(1) Should break in between
(2) Should speak continuously
(3) Should ask questions in between
(4) Should change own posture
21. A girl of your class is interested in sports and wants to pursue her career in sports. What will you suggest her?

(1) Girls have no future in sports.

(2) She should put in hard work to achieve her ambition.

(3) Ask her to be focused only in academics.

(4) Girls can not excel in sports as they are not physically strong.

22. Which is not true about intelligence?

(1) Intelligence is the ability to learn.

(2) Intelligence is the ability to solve problems.

(3) Intelligence is the ability to work hard.

(4) Intelligence is the ability to adapt to novel situation.

23. The most effective evaluation method is

(1) Annual examination method.

(2) Examination with book method.

(3) Semestral method.

(4) Objective question paper method.

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24. निम्नलिखित को सुमेलित कीजिए:

A. स्लाइड प्रोजेक्टर (i) दृश्य साधन
B. TV (ii) श्रव्य साधन
C. चार्ट (iii) दृश्य-श्रव्य साधन
D. आवाज रिकॉर्डर (iv) प्रश्नपत्र साधन

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25. पद 'व्यापक मूल्यांकन' का लाभदार है

(1) अलग-अलग समय किया जाने वाला मूल्यांकन
(2) अध्यापकों के एक समूह द्वारा किया जाने वाला मूल्यांकन
(3) लंबी अवधि के कई टेस्ट
(4) विद्यार्थी की संस्कृति के शैक्षिक व सहशैक्षिक आयामों का मूल्यांकन

26. वर्तुळों के रूप से जमाने की क्षमता बालक में विकसित होती है जब वह

(1) इन्द्रियणति अवस्था में हो
(2) पूर्व क्रिया अवस्था में हो
(3) पूर्व क्रिया अवस्था में हो
(4) औपचारिक क्रिया अवस्था में हो

24. Match the following:

A. Slide Projector (i) Visual mean
B. TV (ii) Audio mean
C. Chart (iii) Audio-visual mean
D. Voice Recorder (iv) Projective mean

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25. The term 'comprehensive evaluation' means

(1) Evaluation conducted at several points of time
(2) Evaluation by a group of teachers
(3) Several test for long duration
(4) Evaluation of curricular & co-curricular aspects of pupil growth

26. The capacity to arrange objects serially is developed in the child when he is in

(1) Sensory motor stage
(2) Pre-operational stage
(3) Concrete operational stage
(4) Formal operational stage
27. For enhancing the ability of transfer of learning the teacher should not
(1) encourage self activity
(2) encourage the habit of rote learning
(3) develop the habit of learning by insight
(4) emphasise on generalization

28. When a child mispronounces a word, what will you do?
(1) Tell - don't say like this
(2) Tell the correct pronunciation
(3) Rebuke the child for wrong pronunciation
(4) Ignore

29. The basis of effective and successful leadership is
(1) Appreciation
(2) The interest of entire group
(3) Service of group
(4) Self interest

30. How the virtue of good citizen can be inculcate among students?
(1) By lecturing them on good citizenship
(2) By familiarising them with national heroes
(3) By assigning them some community service work
(4) By familiarising them with Indian Constitution
31. निम्न में से ‘गाँ’ के पर्यायवाची शब्दों का समूह है
(1) मंदाकिनी, भागीरथी, विशचना
(2) कृष्णा, विशचना, अकंजा
(3) मंदाकिनी, कालिन्दी, तरणि
(4) सरिता, शैलजा, तरगिणी

32. निम्न शब्दयुग का सभी अर्थ चुनिए,
‘लगन – लगन’
(1) उत्साह – मुहूर्त
(2) मुहूर्त – उत्साह
(3) एक वैचारिक अनुस्ठान – लगव
(4) एक तारा – निश्चित समय

33. ‘पाथ्य’ का अर्थ है
(1) मार्ग का भोजन (2) मार्ग
(3) पथ प्रदर्शक (4) अनुपल

34. ‘न’ प्रत्यय से निर्मित शब्द चुनिए
(1) खून (2) चलल
(3) वातुन (4) पतल्पुन

35. कीन-सा शब्द विशेषण नहीं है?
(1) सजल (2) जल
(3) जलप्य (4) जलीय

36. उपर्युक्त का विलोम है
(1) कठिन (2) सरल
(3) आरंभक सुक्त (4) पीड़ा दायक
37. मनुष्य की नियति है
   (1) दुखों में निमंत्र रहना
   (2) दुख व सुख दोनों की अपरिहार्यता
   (3) निरंतर भीतरते रहना
   (4) पधुवांने का शिकार होना

38. 'मंगल नाना के नाती' से लेखक का लाखर्य है
   (1) बहुत आशावादी होना
   (2) बहुत निराशावादी होना
   (3) बहुत धैर्यवान होना
   (4) बहुत उत्साहित होना

39. ‘सत्य अच्छ समान’ का भाव है
   (1) सो युगों के समान
   (2) सात युगों के समान
   (3) अल्पक ऐंशवर्य युक्त
   (4) उपरप्पक में से कोई नहीं

निर्देश : अपोलिनियत गद्यांश को पढ़कर रिखे गये प्रश्नों (प्रश्न संख्या 40-44) के उत्तर सबसे उचित विकल्प दुनकर दीजिएः

शिरीष वसंत के आगमन के साथ लड़क उठता है, आबादी तक तो निर्धित रूप रूप से भस्त बना रहता है।

40. ‘जो फरा सो ह्या’ में तुलसीदास ने किसौं और समक्ष किया है?
   (1) जीवन की शाश्वतता पर
   (2) जीवन की निसर्गता पर
   (3) जीवन की धार्मिकता पर
   (4) उपरप्पक सभी पर

41. संस्कृत्त साहित्य में किसे कोमल माना गया है?
   (1) शिरीष के फलों को
   (2) शिरीष के फूलों को
   (3) शिरीष के पत्तों को
   (4) शिरीष की शाखाओं की
42. ‘निवात’ का विलोम है
(1) अगाध
(2) आघात
(3) निमाध
(4) प्रगाढ़

43. लेखक के अनुसार नेताओं के साथ तुलनीय है
(1) शरीर के फल
(2) शरीर के फूल
(3) वसन्त की झलु
(4) पतझड़ की झलु

44. शरीर पुष्प का पल्लवन होता है
(1) जेट में
(2) आघात में
(3) भादो में
(4) वसन्त में

45. हिन्दी शब्दकोश के अनुसार निम्न शब्दों का सही क्रम है
'ज्ञानर्थ, ज्ञाला, ज्ञेष्ठ, जीहरी'
(1) ज्ञाला, ज्ञानर्थ, ज्ञेष्ठ, जीहरी
(2) जीहरी, ज्ञानर्थ, ज्ञेष्ठ, ज्ञाला
(3) ज्ञेष्ठ, ज्ञाला, जीहरी, ज्ञानर्थ
(4) जीहरी, ज्ञेष्ठ, ज्ञाला, ज्ञानर्थ

46. हमारे स्कूल में कई सचिव तेजस्वी हैं: इसलिए क्रिकेट में हम सदैव जीतते हैं। रेखाफित शब्द में संज्ञा है
(1) अभिवाचक
(2) भाववाचक
(3) जातिवाचक
(4) परिभाष वाचक

47. ‘अनु + इष्ट’ का संधि शब्द है
(1) अनिष्ट
(2) अनिष्टव
(3) अनुष्ट
(4) अविष्ट

48. संयुक्त व्यंजन ‘ज’ की ध्वनियाँ हैं
(1) जू + अू
(2) जू + जू + अू
(3) जू + न
(4) जू + न + अ

49. ‘प्रवचन’ में उपसर्ग है
(1) प
(2) पः
(3) प्र
(4) प्रव

50. निम्न में से वर्तमान की वृद्धि से शुद्ध शब्द चुनिए
(1) एक्य
(2) संस्मृति
(3) कोमलापिनी
(4) तनावान्त
51. ‘हरे’ शब्द के अर्थ का सही समूह है
(1) विष्णु, शिव, गण
(2) विष्णु, शिव, मंगल
(3) अश्व, बादल, विष्णु
(4) विष्णु, शिव, नारद

52. ‘गुरुज्ञान’ में समास है
(1) तत्त्वानुष्ठान  (2) द्वाध्य
(3) भुजसौंदर्य  (4) अव्ययोगान

53. दिये गये शब्द के लिए उच्चत पर्यायवाची चुने ‘सरस्वती’
(1) शान्ति  (2) वनिर्माण
(3) नलिनी  (4) सुरसरी

54. ‘दौत काटी रोटी’ मुड़वरे का अर्थ है
(1) परस्पर चिन्तित होना
(2) परस्पर प्रतिस्पर्धा होना
(3) परस्पर अद्यावत होना
(4) परस्पर अद्यावत होना

55. कौन-सा वाक्य मिश्र वाक्य नहीं है?
(1) शोभा मुखसे कहती है कि जाओ।
(2) एक जोकर देखा जो भारी भरकम था।
(3) तुम इसलिये अच्छे हो क्योंकि तुम मेहनती हो।
(4) दरवाजा खुलने के कारण चोरी हो गई।

56. ‘सावन हरे न भाद्र सूखे’ लोकप्रिय का अर्थ है
(1) परवाह ना करना
(2) वेशयम होना
(3) हमेशा एक जैसा रहना
(4) निर्जित रहना

57. निम्न में से मूर्त्ति वर्ण है
(1) अ  (2) ई
(3) ऊ  (4) ए

58. ‘प्रोत्साहन’ का संधि-विच्छेद है
(1) प्र + उत्साह
(2) प्र + उत्साह
(3) प्र + उत्साह
(4) प्र + साहन

59. ‘बन्धु’ शब्द का विलोम चुनिए
(1) उत्तर
(2) उपजाऊ
(3) उत्तरा
(4) बंजर

60. निम्न शब्दों में से तद्भव शब्द है
(1) पाशान
(2) परख
(3) प्रहरी
(4) पृष्ठ
61. 'He hardly works.'
   The underlined word means
   (1) arduously (2) mostly
   (3) scarcely (4) strenuously

62. Choose the correct word for the following phrase:
   'Fear of foreigners'
   (1) Hydrophobia
   (2) Xenophobia
   (3) Homophobia
   (4) Claustrophobia

63. Give one word for 'That which can be eaten.'
   (1) edible (2) chewable
   (3) palatable (4) digestive

64. She had a headache; otherwise she .............. with me.
   (1) would come
   (2) would have come
   (3) came
   (4) will come

65. Which sentence is incorrect?
   (1) I left without any one knowing.
   (2) I hope you will excuse my leaving early.
   (3) As he was going up the hill, he saw an old temple.
   (4) I dislike your behaving in this way.

66. Complete the given sentence:
   "The human body is like an engine. It requires fuel to ...."'
   (1) work
   (2) keep it going
   (3) run from
   (4) keep it on action

67. He .............. not oppose me.
   (1) dare (2) dares
   (3) did dare (4) was dare

68. Choose the correct Article for the blank:
   'Give me ........ yellow teapot which is on the table.'
   (1) a (2) an
   (3) the (4) Zero article
69. They told me that he ....... in Jaipur.
   (1) were
   (2) was
   (3) will be
   (4) can be

70. His score is higher than .......
   (1) you
   (2) yours
   (3) your
   (4) yourself

71. Choose the correct Pronoun for the blank:
   'He is the only person ....... can help you.'
   (1) who
   (2) that
   (3) he
   (4) which

72. Choose the correct Preposition for the blank:
   'One must abide ....... one's promise'.
   (1) in
   (2) by
   (3) for
   (4) to

73. I have been here ............. Monday.
   (1) from
   (2) since
   (3) for
   (4) till

74. Change the Voice of the following sentence:
   'We were let go.'
   (1) They let us go.
   (2) We were let to go.
   (3) They were let us to go.
   (4) Let us go.

75. Which word is wrongly spelt?
   (1) believe
   (2) relieve
   (3) brief
   (4) decieve

Directions: Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow
(Q. Nos. 76 to 85) by selecting the most appropriate option:

Conversation is indeed the most easily teachable of all arts. All you need to do in
order to become a good conversationalist is to find a subject that interests you and your
listeners. There are, for example, number less hobbies to tack about. But the
important thing is that you must talk about the other fellow's hobby rather than your
own. Therein lies the secret of your popularity. Talk to your friends about the things that interest them and you will make your reputation for good fellowship, charming wit and a brilliant mind. There is nothing that pleases people more than your interest in their interest.

It is as important to know what subject to avoid, as what subjects to select for good conversation. If you don't want to be set down as a wet blanket or a bore, be careful to avoid certain unpleasant topics. Avoid talking about yourself, unless you are asked to do so. People are interested in their problems, not in yours. Sickness and death bore everybody. The only one who willingly listens to such talk is a doctor, but he gets paid for it. To be a good conversationalist you must know not only what to say but how to say it. Be civil and modest. Don't overemphasize your own happiness. Be mentally quick and witty, but don't hurt others with your wit. Finally, try to avoid mannerism in your conversation. Don't bite your lips, or click your tongue, or roll your eyes, or use your hands excessively as you speak.

78. A doctor is the only one who readily listens to conversation about sickness because

(1) it is his job and he earns from that
(2) he is not interested in anything's else
(3) sickness and death interest everybody
(4) he is a kind person

79. Courtesy and politeness are recommended through which word in the passage

(1) willingly
(2) civil
(3) overemphasize
(4) None of the above

77. The secret of becoming a good conversationalist is

(1) talking about problems
(2) avoiding mannerism in conversation
(3) using your wit
(4) knowing what to say and how to say it
80. To become a good conversationalist, you need to

(1) find a good teacher
(2) find an interesting subject
(3) practice the art of conversation
(4) converse about what you and the listener find interesting

81. You should avoid talking about yourself because

(1) you are a bore
(2) it will make you appear unpleasant
(3) you don't know how to choose the subject of a good conversation
(4) people are not interested in you or your problems

82. ‘Mannerism' in the passage means

(1) not hurting others with your wit
(2) having good manners
(3) gesture or way of speaking typical to a person
(4) using polite language

83. Which word in the passage is the opposite of ‘arrogant’?

(1) witty
(2) mentally quick
(3) conversationalist
(4) modest

84. What pleases people most is

(1) your reputation for good fellowship
(2) your clever use of language
(3) your taking interest in what is of interest to them
(4) your brilliant mind

85. Which word in the passage means to strongly stress that something is particularly important?

(1) overemphasize
(2) mentally
(3) excessively
(4) mannerism

86. I am ........ after ten years in the business.

(1) wise
(2) wisest
(3) more wise
(4) wiser
87. Choose the correct **Adverb** for the blank:

'The sun ........ rises in the east'.

(1) sometimes
(2) often
(3) always
(4) rarely

88. The dumb ........ not speak.

(1) has  (2) does
(3) is  (4) do

89. Choose the correct **Phrase** for the blank:

'The craft in which I sailed rapidly ........ the open sea.'

(1) made out
(2) made up
(3) made for
(4) made off

90. He is poor, ........ he is satisfied with his situation.

(1) yet  (2) but
(3) so  (4) while
91. She is too clever and writes too cleverly.

The underlined words are

(1) an adverb and an adjective

(2) an adverb and an adverb

(3) an adjective and an adverb

(4) an adjective and an adjective

92. 'A Thing of Beauty' has been taken from

(1) Shelly's Skylark

(2) Keat's Endymion

(3) Wordsworth's Prelude

(4) Coleridge's Ancient Mariner

93. Which of the following is incorrect?

(1) Sheep live in flocks

(2) Here are two pie for the beggar

(3) There is no gentry in the town

(4) Who are these people

94. 'Fear No More' is a poem of

(1) Wordsworth

(2) John Milton

(3) William Shakespeare

(4) W. B. Yeats

95. Which of the following is true?

(1) Skylark is written by Keats

(2) West Wind is written by Wordsworth

(3) Ode on Immortality is written by Coleridge

(4) Paradise Lost is written by Milton

96. The policeman said, 'Liar!' It can be changed into indirect speech as

(1) The policeman said that I was a liar

(2) The policeman shouted at me calling me a liar

(3) The policeman called me a liar

(4) The policeman asked me if I was a liar
97. A figure of speech in which one word or idea is set against another to heighten the effect of what is said, is called

(1) Paradox
(2) Antithesis
(3) Epigram
(4) Oxymoron

98. 'The child is the father of man' is an example of

(1) Pun
(2) Epigram
(3) Oxymoron
(4) Antithesis

99. Choose correct answer for the blank
   It is the best .............. you can buy.

(1) which     (2) what
(3) that      (4) none

100. Choose the correct form of the verb for the blank in the sentence
      Look, the moon in the sky ..........

(1) rises
(2) is rising
(3) has risen
(4) will rise

Instructions for Question Nos. 101 to 107:

Read the passage and answer the questions given below it.

Gandhi chided the lawyers for collecting big fee from the share croppers. He said, "I have come to the conclusion that we should stop going to law courts taking such cases to the courts doing little good. Where the peasants are so crushed and fear-stricken, law courts are useless.

101. The peasants are so crushed. This means

(1) The peasants are ill-treated
(2) The peasants are oppressed with force
(3) The peasants are destroyed
(4) The peasants are frightened

102. The meaning of the term *share croppers* in the passage is

(1) farmers who own farms
(2) farm labourers who work on farms
(3) tenant farmers who pay a share of their crop as rent
(4) none of the above
103. According to Gandhiji law courts are useless
(1) where the peasants are crushed
(2) where the peasants are fear-striken
(3) where the peasants are crushed and fear-striken
(4) none of the above

104. The word *peasants* in the passage means
(1) rich farmers
(2) countryman working on the land for wages
(3) landless workers
(4) farm labourers

105. Gandhiji chided the lawyers for
(1) not taking cases of the poor
(2) collecting big fee from the poor
(3) not helping him in his movement
(4) not fighting against the government

106. What advice does Gandhi give to the lawyers?
(1) to stop taking cases
(2) to go to law courts
(3) to take cases of peasants free
(4) to help share croppers

107. The meaning of the word *Chided* in the passage is
(1) advised
(2) scolded
(3) argued
(4) requested

108. 'Ancient Mariner' was written by
(1) Wordsworth
(2) S. T. Coleridge
(3) Browning
(4) H. D. Thorean

109. "Lend me some money, friend."

It can be expressed in *indirect speech* as
(1) The friend requested to lend him some money
(2) Ram asked his friend to lend him some money
(3) Ram ordered his friend to lend him some money
(4) Ram told his friend that he should lend him some money

P. T. O.
110. Which part of the sentence has error

It rained very heavily this morning.

(1) (2) (3)

No error

(4)

111. My first jump from an aeroplane.

This noun group has the pattern

(1) Adjective + Noun + Preposition group

(2) Determiner + Adjective + Noun + Preposition group

(3) Determiner + Preposition group + Noun + Adjective

(4) Preposition group + Determiner + Adjective + Noun

112. In 'How to Tell Wild Animals' the poet suggests that

You can identify an Asian Lion by

(1) hearing the roars
(2) seeing the black strips
(3) seeing the animal lap
(4) hearing the animal weep

113. I saw her leave the library.

The underlined word is

(1) a finite verb
(2) an infinitive
(3) non-finite verb
(4) infinitive without to

114. Which part of the sentence has an error?

He received many presents on the Christmas day.

(1) (2) (3) (4)

No error

115. Choose the correct answer for the blank in the sentence.

I proposed .......... tomorrow in the morning

(1) to start
(2) starting
(3) to have started
(4) being started

116. We would rather you .......... us about it

(1) did not tell
(2) do not tell
(3) not have told
(4) have not told
117. The war began on 4th August.

The underlined word in this sentence means

(1) broke off
(2) broke in
(3) broke out
(4) broke up

118. In the poem 'No Men Are Foreign' the poet tells that no men are strange because

(1) We are all human
(2) We all have similar physical features
(3) We all live on the same earth
(4) All of the above

119. Which of the following sentences is correct?

(1) Being fine, we decided to go swimming
(2) Being fine the day we decided to go swimming
(3) The day being fine, we decided to go swimming
(4) We, being fine, we decided to go swimming

120. She has passed B. A. last year.

The correct form of this sentence is

(1) She had passed B.A. last year
(2) She had been passed B.A. last year
(3) She passed B.A. last year
(4) She would have passed B.A. last year

121. Having written the letter I posted it. The underlined words are

(1) present participle
(2) past participle
(3) gerund
(4) perfect participle

122. Choose the correct alternative for the blank
She ............. all hopes when she was saved.

(1) has given up
(2) gave up
(3) had given up
(4) would have given up
123. 'Garbage to them is gold.' Which figure of speech has been used in this sentence?

(1) Simile
(2) Metaphor
(3) Hyperbole
(4) Pun

124. When your health is better you will play better.
In this sentence the underlined words are

(1) an adverb and an adjective
(2) an adverb and a noun
(3) an adjective and an adverb
(4) an adjective and an adjective

125. Leslie Norris in the poem titled 'A Tiger in the Zoo'

(1) Compares a tiger in the zoo with a lion in the jungle
(2) Compares a lion in the zoo with the tiger in the jungle
(3) Compares a tiger in the zoo with a tiger in the jungle
(4) Compares a lion in the zoo with the lion in the jungle

126. Which part of the given sentence has an error?

No sooner I entered the room
(1) (2)
than the clock struck twelve. No error
(3) (4)

127. 'If I were you I would stop taking tranquilizers', I said.

This can be expressed in indirect speech as

(1) I said that if I were you I would stop taking tranquilizers
(2) I advised him to stop taking tranquilizers
(3) I asked him to stop taking tranquilizers
(4) I suggested him that he should stop taking tranquilizers

128. Which figure of speech is used in this example – 'Freedom is slavery'?

(1) Paradox
(2) Irony
(3) Understatement
(4) Antithesis

Cat.-3/32
129. He holds the rope with one hand and stretches out the other to the boy in the water.

The simple sentence for the compound sentence is

(1) He holds the rope with one hand stretching the other to the boy in the water

(2) Stretching the other to the boy in the water he holds the rope with one hand

(3) Holding the rope with one hand he stretches the other to the boy in the water

(4) He holds the rope with one hand while stretching the other to the boy in the water

130. The poem 'Aunt Jennifer's Tigers' points out

(1) the troubles a tiger experiences

(2) the futility of women's life

(3) the constraints of married life

(4) militarism that echoes in it

131. Choose the correct modal for the blank in
When she was 10 years old she .......... wear frock.

(1) would

(2) used to

(3) must

(4) none of the above

132. 'Heaven Lake' is the famous work of

(1) Raja Rao

(2) Vikram Seth

(3) B. R. Laxman Rao

(4) R. K. Narayan

133. 'To burn a midnight oil' means

(1) To keep awake in the night

(2) To burn lamp to keep light in the house

(3) To study hard at night

(4) To burn lamp to save electricity

134. Wait until the doctor .......... the patient.

Choose the correct answer for the blank

(1) examines

(2) is examining

(3) has examined

(4) will have examined

135. Why is a thing of beauty goes for ever?
Because

(1) beauty never dies

(2) its loveliness increases

(3) it never withers

(4) all of the above
136. 'If the baby is a girl what will they call her?' He wondered.

It can be said in indirect speech as

(1) He wondered what they would call the baby if it was a girl
(2) He wondered if the baby was a girl what they would call her
(3) He wondered what would they call her if it was a girl
(4) He wondered if the baby was a girl what the people call her

137. What is the name of the little girl in the story 'The Little Girl'?

(1) Alice (2) Grannie
(3) Kezia (4) Ramia

138. Sita said, "How foolish I am!"

In indirect speech this sentence would be like

(1) Sita said that she was foolish
(2) Sita cried out that she was a great fool
(3) Sita accepted that she was very foolish
(4) Sita reported that she was very foolish

139. A fast train can go fast.

The underlined words in the above sentence are

(1) an adverb and an adjective
(2) an adjective and an adverb
(3) an adjective and an adjective
(4) an adverb and an adverb

140. When did Louis Fischer first visit Gandhi?

(1) in 1947 (2) in 1942
(3) in 1916 (4) in 1917

141. We .............. all day when you came. Choose the correct answer for the blank

(1) were working
(2) had been working
(3) have been working
(4) had worked

142. 'Dust of Snow' is the poem of

(1) Walt Whitman
(2) Robert Frost
(3) Adrienne Rich
(4) Robin Klein
143. Ram and his brother ................. present here.

Choose the correct answer

(1) is

(2) are

(3) has been

(4) have been

144. We denied having done it.

This sentence if changed into complex, will be written as

(1) we denied that we had done it

(2) we had done it and we denied

(3) we did it but we denied

(4) we did it but denied doing so

145. 'Wings of Fire' is an autobiography of

(1) Mahatma Gandhi

(2) Mrs. Indira Gandhi

(3) A. P. J. Abdul Kalam

(4) R. N. Tagore

146. You must go on a diet.

The negative form of this is

(1) You must not go on a diet

(2) You need not go on a diet

(3) You need not to go on a diet

(4) Must you not go on a diet

147. One of the boys saved his son.

The passive voice of the above sentence is

(1) His son was saved

(2) His son was saved by one of the boys

(3) His son has been saved by one of the boys

(4) His son was being saved by one of the boys

148. Which of the following is not true?

(1) Robert Browning is a famous victorian poet

(2) Alfred Tennyson is a famous Neoclassical poet

(3) Charles Lamb is a famous essayist

(4) Charles Dickens is a famous novelist
149. Choose the correct forms of verbs for the blanks in

I .......... a flower now. It .......... sweet.

(1) am smelling, is smelling
(2) am smelling, smells
(3) smell, is smelling
(4) am smelling, has smelt

150. 'Are you coming home with me', he asked.

The *indirect speech* of this sentence is

(1) He asked me if I was going home with him
(2) He asked me I was coming home with him
(3) He asked me if I would come home with him
(4) He asked me that I was coming home with him